



0 words **Question 2****10 pts**

Consider a relational schema with one relation  $R(A, B)$  and the following query in Relational Algebra:

$$q = \pi_A(\sigma_{B=1}(R) \bowtie_{A=A'} \rho_{A \rightarrow A', B \rightarrow B'}(R))$$

Which of the following queries are equivalent to  $q$ ? Choose all the correct options.

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  $\pi_A(\sigma_{B=1}(R))$

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  $\sigma_{B=1}(\pi_A(R) \bowtie_{A=A'} \rho_{A \rightarrow A', B \rightarrow B'}(R))$

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  $\pi_A(\sigma_{B=1}(R \bowtie_{A=A'} \rho_{A \rightarrow A', B \rightarrow B'}(R)))$

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  $\pi_A(R) - \pi_A(\sigma_{B \neq 1}(R))$

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  $\pi_A(\sigma_{B=1}(R)) \cap \pi_A(R)$



0 words **Question 5****10 pts**

We are given a relation  $R(A, B)$  with 100 pages, and a relation  $S(C, D)$  with 200 pages. In relation  $R$ , attribute  $A$  is the primary key and takes values  $1, 2, 3, \dots$ . Each record in  $R$  is 40 bytes long, while each record in  $S$  is 10 bytes long. The size of a page is 1,000 bytes.

How many pages do we need to store the output of the following SQL query?

```
SELECT *  
FROM R, S  
WHERE R.A = 1
```

**Question 6****8 pts**

Consider a B+ tree index with order  $d = 5$ , fill factor  $F = 1$  and height  $h = 3$ . What is the total number of pages in the tree, including leaf and non-leaf pages?

**Question 7****10 pts**

Consider the following extendible hash index. What is the smallest number of entries you can insert so that the global directory doubles in size?

[exhash-2.pdf](#)

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4

**Question 8****5 pts**

We are given two relations: R with 20,000 pages and S with 10,000 pages. We are performing a key-foreign key join between R and S, wherein S has the foreign key attribute. Suppose that R is already sorted on the join attribute.

**What is the I/O cost of the Sort Merge Join algorithm** that uses replacement sort to create the initial runs? Do not count the cost of writing the join result to disk. Assume that the size of the buffer is 100 pages.





**Question 11****4 pts**

If a transaction reads a data object after it has been written by an uncommitted transaction, then isolation is always violated.

- True
- False

**Question 12****4 pts**

A protocol that writes a page to disk immediately after the page is modified by a transaction guarantees durability.

- True
- False

**Question 13****3 pts**

Consider the following SQL query:

```
SELECT *  
FROM R  
WHERE R.A = 1 AND R.B > 10 ;
```

A **B+ tree index on (B,A)** matches the selection predicate in the above query.

- True
- False

**Question 14****3 pts**

A bitmap index can be efficiently updated.

- True
- False

**Question 15****3 pts**

A bitslice index can be used to answer range queries efficiently.

- True
- False

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